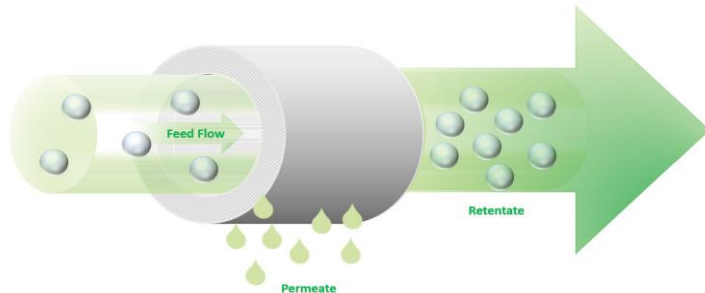


About TFF-Easy

TFF-Easy is a filter cartridge containing polysulfone hollow fibers (5 nm pores), which allows the concentration of diluted matrices (cell conditioned media, urine, etc.), prior to the EV purification. The filter is adapted for nanoparticle dialysis, with complete buffer exchange and minimal loss of nanoparticles. EVs can be easily recovered with a syringe from the filter cartridge.



Specification



1	Sample injection nozzle
2	Tangential flow filtration nozzle
3	Flow valve 1
4	Permeate nozzles
5	Tangential flow filtration nozzle
6	Flow valve 2

Sample	Volume range	Reusable
Cell media	5 - 1000 ml	20-30 times
Urine *	5- 1000 ml	10-20 times
Plasma / serum	5-20 ml	5-10 times

Fig1

* TFF-Easy can be used for concentrating all diluted body fluids (urine, CSF, bronchoalveolar lavage etc). Sterility: The TFF-Easy is provided sterile. Once used the filter can be sterilised by Beta irradiation. Do not autoclave TFF-Easy.

Storage

Store the device at room temperature.

EV concentration procedure

1- Sample injection by filtration (optional).



Fig2

- Remove the screw from the sample injection nozzle (position 1).
- Insert a syringe filter in the nozzle. The device is compatible with multiple filter typology. The dimension of the filter pores can be chosen by the user according to the necessity.

In order to keep all the EV subtypes it is recommended to use filter pores larger than 0.22 µm.

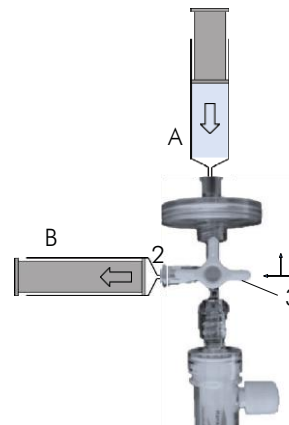
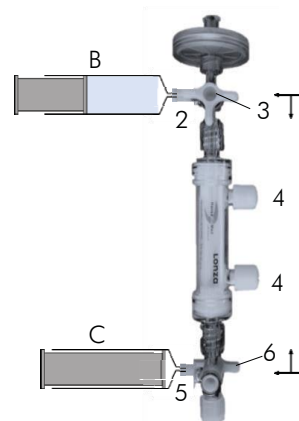


Fig3

- Pick up the sample with syringe A and insert on the top of the filter.
- Insert a clean empty syringe in the Tangential flow filtration nozzle (position 2).
- Rotate the valve 3 to the position indicated by arrows in figure 3.
- Inject the sample into the filter by pushing the piston of syringe A. The sample passes through the filter, filling the syringe B.

2- Tangential Flow Filtration.



- Rotate the valve 3 to the position indicated in figure 4.
- Open the permeate nozzles, removing the screws.
- Insert a new clean syringe (C) in position 5.
- Set 2 permeate collection tubes under the nozzles in position 4, as indicated in figure 4.

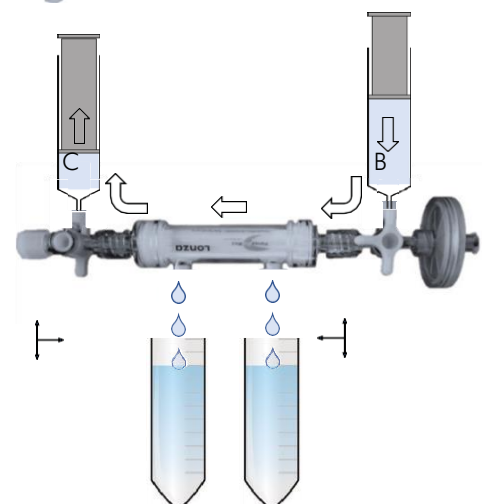
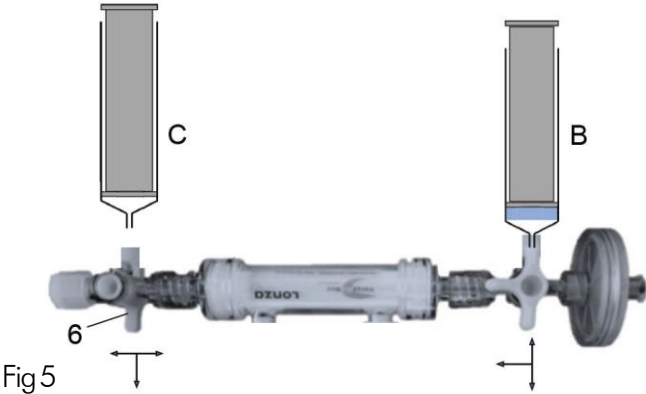


Fig4

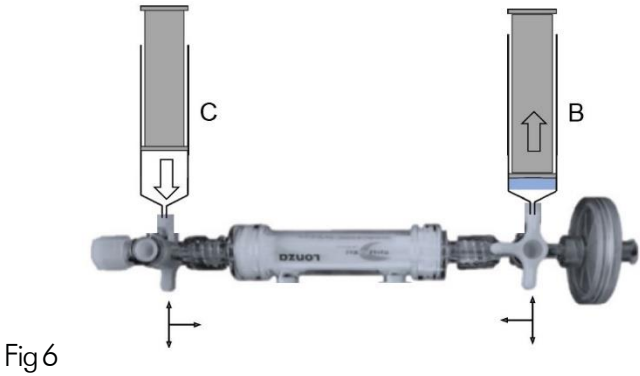
- Start the concentration process by pushing the syringes B and C alternatively upwards and downwards.
- Continue the concentration process until the desired volume is obtained.
- The permeate starts to flow to the collection tubes, while the retentate in the syringes contains the concentrated EVs.



3- Recovery of concentrated EVs.



- In order to collect the concentrated EVs, push the concentrated products into syringe B.
- Rotate the valve 6 in the position indicate in figure 5 and disconnect the syringe C.
- Load air into syringe C.



- Rotate the valve 6 to the position indicated in figure 6.
- Insert the syringe C and inject air into the device and pull up the piston of syringe B in order to collect all the residual volume of concentrated sample.

- Rotate the valve 3 to the position indicated by arrows and disconnect the syringe B.
- Collect the concentrated samples in a clean tube.

Fast dialysis procedure.

TFF-Easy can be used for EV dialysis and buffer exchange.

- Inject the buffer (buffer 1) containing EVs into the device as indicated in figure 4.
- Push the syringes B and C alternatively upwards and downwards until all buffer has passed to the permeate collection tubes.
- Load the syringe B with the new buffer (buffer 2) and inject into the device. Repeat the operation indicated in the point above at least 5 times.
- Concentrate the EVs in buffer 2 until the desired volume.

Example

Dialysis progress	Conductivity (µS/cm)	Particle concentration (particle number/ml)
EVs in buffer 1 (PBS 1X) 5 ml	15000	5.8x10 ¹¹
1- Removal of buffer 1 by TFF	15000	
2- Injection of buffer 2 (NaCl 100 mM) in TFF cartridge		
3- Removal of buffer 2 and buffer 1 residues	4100	
4- Injection of buffer 2		
5- Removal of buffer 2	624	
6- Injection of buffer 2		
7- Concentration of buffer 2 up to 5 ml	621	4.9x10 ¹¹

Washing procedure.

Once the concentration process is ended the filter cartridge has to be washed with abundant MilliQ water. If the cartridge is used for concentrating complex fluids it is recommended to wash as described to point 1, Easy fouling.

Procedure for MilliQ water washing.

- Use 2 clean syringes and load one with MilliQ water.
- Connect the syringe containing water to the position 2 and the empty one to the position 5
- Rotate the valve 3 and 6 in order to open the device (see fig 6)
- Inject the water in the device and continue the washing step by pushing alternatively the two syringes upwards and downwards until all the water is passed to the permeate collection tubes.
- Repeat the operation. It is recommended to wash with at least 3 volumes of water.
- Fill up the device with 2 ml of MilliQ water, close all the valves and keep at room temperature.

If the fibers look colored after washing or if the filter is clogged, proceed as indicated:

1- Easy fouling

- A- Wash the filter with warm MilliQ water (40-50°C), carefully, applying low pressure with syringes.
- B- Wash the filter with a solution of NaOH 0.5 N, then wash with at least 3 volumes of MilliQ water.

2- Moderate fouling

- A- Prewash the filter with warm MilliQ water, as indicated above.
- B- Wash the filter with a solution of NaOH 1 N, then with at least 3 volumes of MilliQ water. If the fouling persists, use a warm solution of NaOH 1 N (35-40°C), then wash the filter with 3 volumes of MilliQ water.

3- Hard fouling

Prewash the filter with warm MilliQ water as indicated above. Wash the filter with a water solution of NaClO (0.05 %), then wash with at least 5 volumes of MilliQ water.

Optional: A wash with Ethanol 96% (5 - 10 ml) can be performed for the removal of potential pyrogenic agents. Wash finally with at least 3 volumes of MilliQ water.

